

Using SPIFFE & OPA to Authenticate & Authorize Workloads

Presented By Charlie Egan



Hello



Charlie Egan

Developer Advocate, Styra

- OPA Maintainer, contributing since 2019
- Interested in SPIFFE & all things authn/authz
- Joined Styra in December, previously at Jetstack

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What is a 'Workload'?



What is a 'Workload Identity'?



What is a 'Good Workload Identity'?



What is a 'Good Workload Identity'?

https://www.jetstack.io > blog > workload-identity-wit...

Modern workload identity with SPIFFE & Trust Domains

Learn how to configure **SPIFFE** workload identities using cert-manager. ... We created cert-manager at **Jetstack** to make issuing certificates easier in ...

...is short lived and automatically rotated

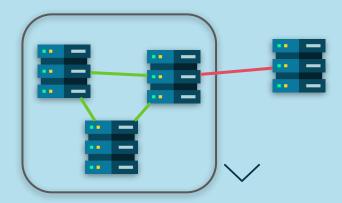




...can't be captured in transit and replayed by a bad actor.



Trust for a 'Good Workload Identity' can be carefully bounded



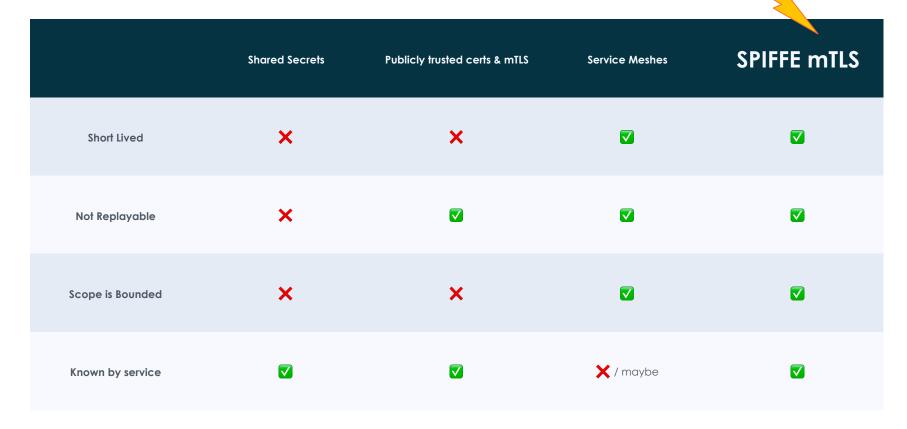
...is known by the invoked service



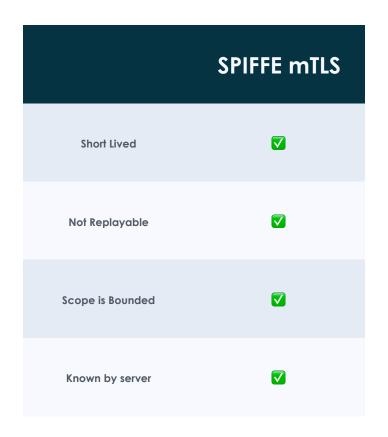
Workload Identity Showdown

	Shared Secrets	Publicly trusted certs & mTLS	Service Meshes	?
Short Lived	×	×	▼	▼
Not Replayable	×			
Scope is Bounded	×	×		
Known by service	▽		🗶 / maybe	

Workload Identity Showdown



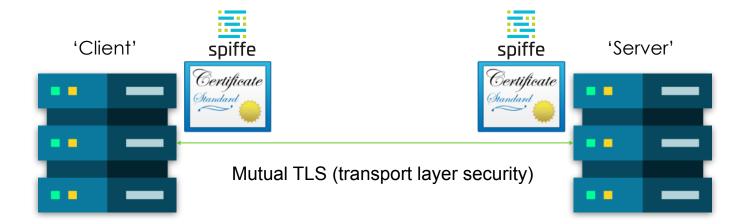
Meet SPIFFE





Secure Production Identity Framework for Everyone

Meet SPIFFE



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Meet SPIFFE

```
Serial number: 4520694392272087521 (0x3ebcbb991d7a69e1)
Algorithm ID:
                 SHA256withECDSA
Subject
              = Example
  serialNumber = 4520694392272087521
Extensions
  keyUsage CRITICAL:
    digitalSignature
  extKeyUsage :
    clientAuth, serverAuth
  subjectAltName :
    uri:spiffe://example.com/foo/bar/baz
```

SPIFFE IDs, now what?



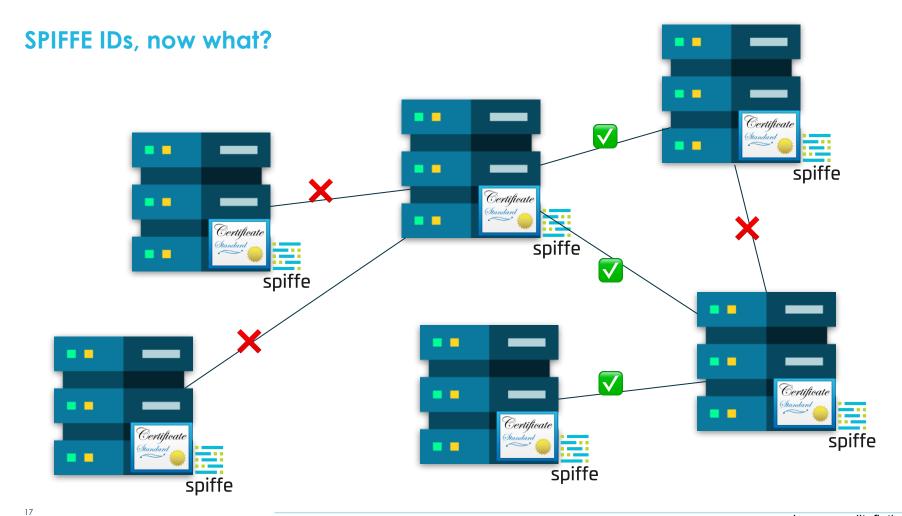


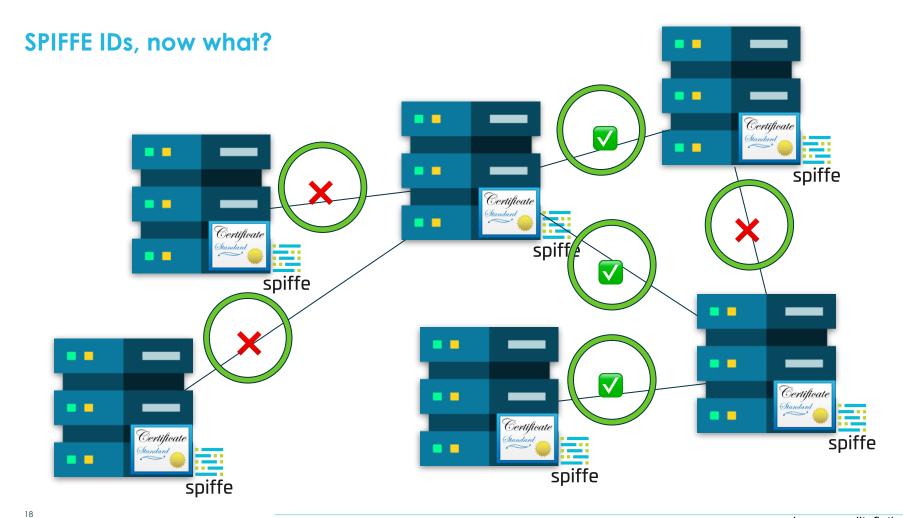




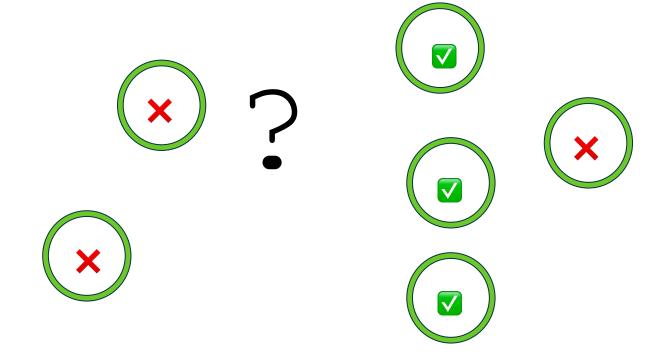








SPIFFE IDs, now what?



Meet OPA



Meet Rego

```
1 package authz
example.rego
                 import future.keywords.if
                 default allow := false
                 allow if input.user.role == "admin"
Input:
              "user": {
```

"role": "admin"

"email": "alice@example.com",

Meet OPA

Example Request:

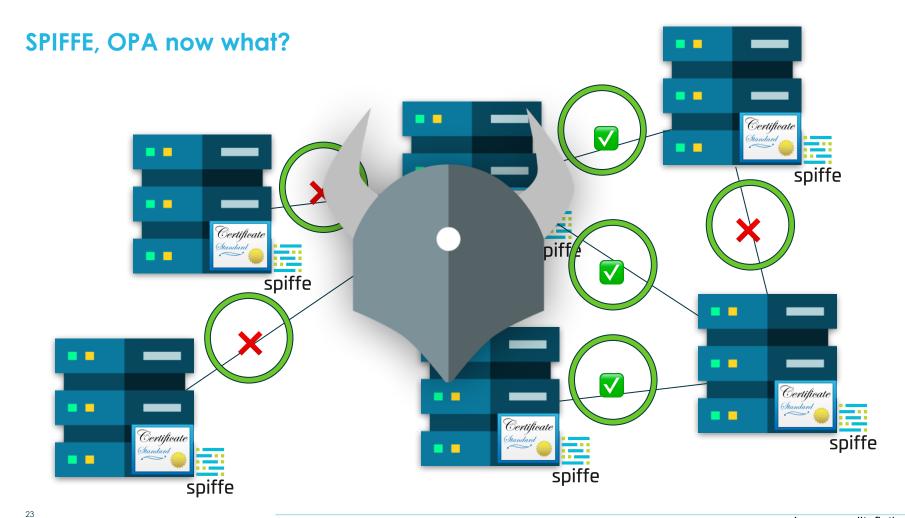
```
POST /v0/data/authz/allow HTTP/1.1
Content-Type: application/json
{
    "user": {
        "email": "alice@example.com",
        "role": "admin"
    }
}
```

Example Response:

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Content-Type: application/json
true
```

```
package authz
import future.keywords.if

default allow := false
allow if input.user.role == "admin"
```



Demo Environment Scenario



Demo Environment Scenario

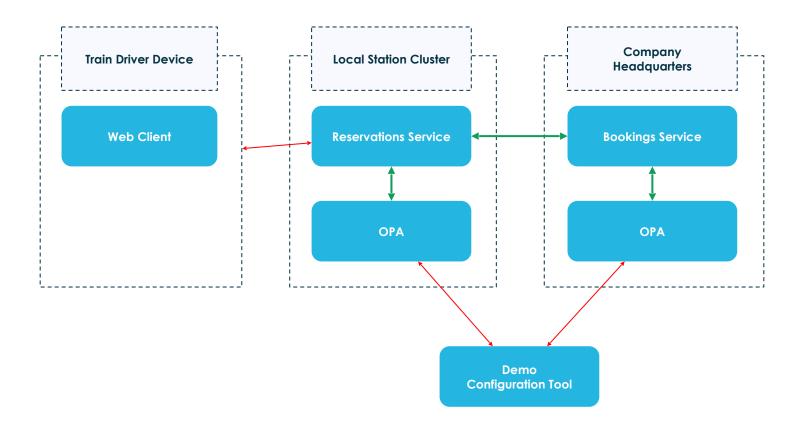
Train Driver in Train

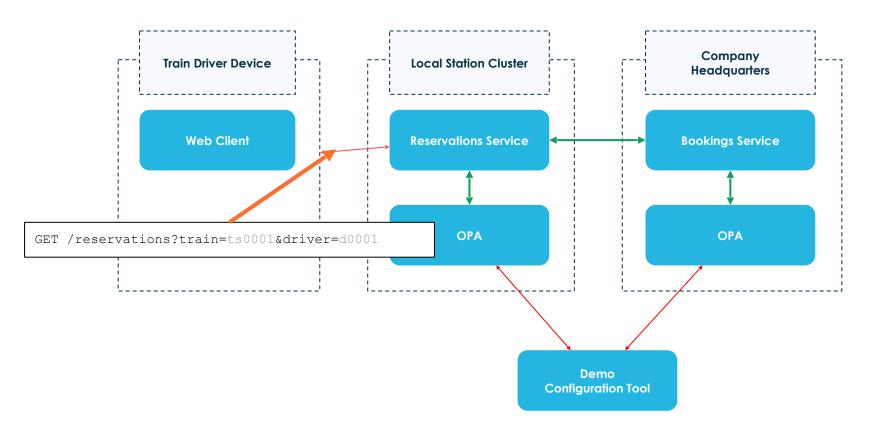


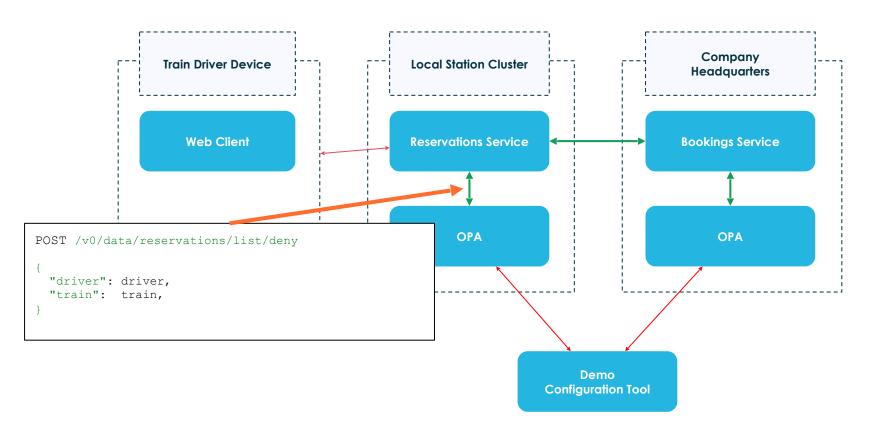
Demo Environment Scenario

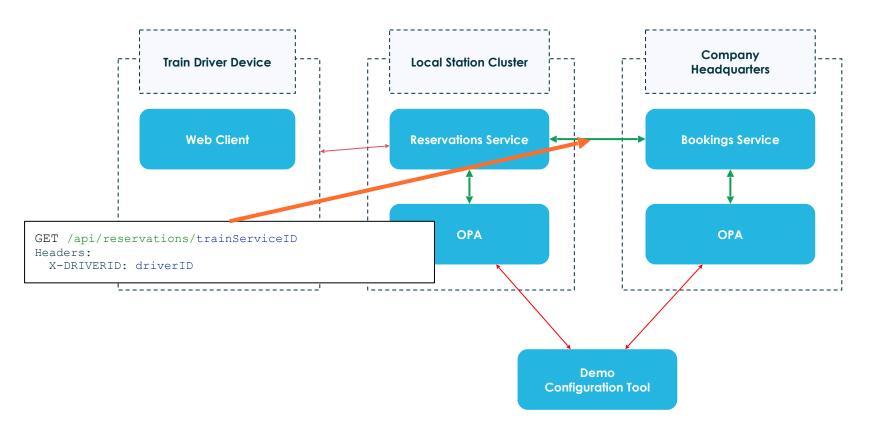
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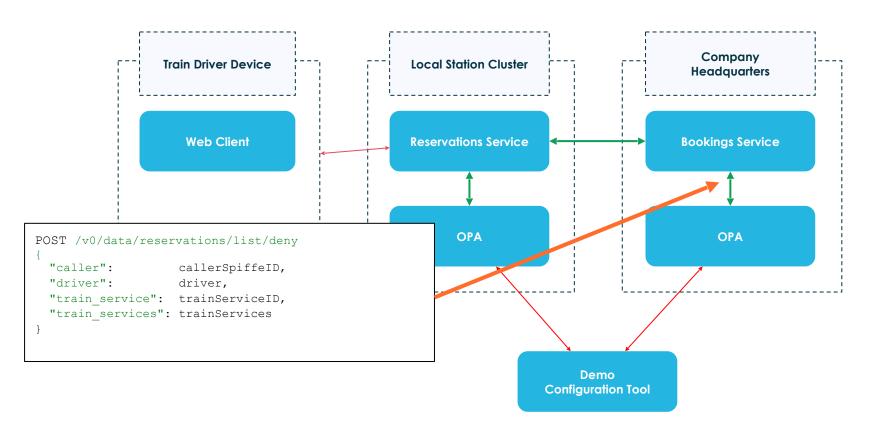


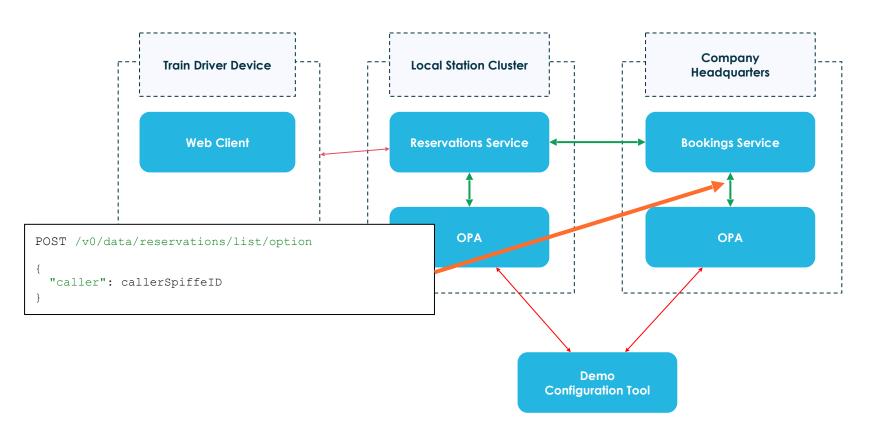


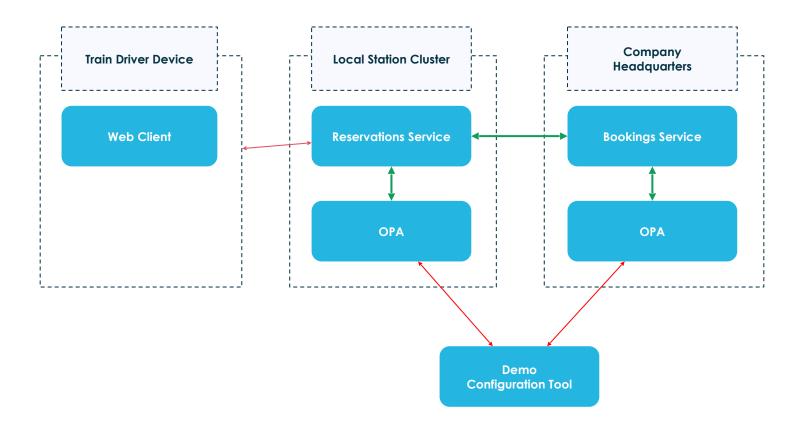












Demo Summary

In this demo we have seen:

- SPIFFE IDs used in OPA authorization policies
- OPA used to enforce access
- OPA used to control application behavior

Work done in OPA for this presentation

- Support authorizing callers with SPIFFE IDs to OPA
 - https://github.com/open-policy-agent/opa/pull/5742

What's left to do in OPA

- Support loading OPA bundles over SPIFFE mTLS
- Perhaps Rego SPIFFE ID functions like id_in_trust_domain

Links

- Styra Products
 - https://www.styra.com/styra-das/ (production version of my demo config tool)
 - https://www.styra.com/styra-load/
- Jetstack Blog:
 - https://www.jetstack.io/blog/workload-identity-with-spiffe-trust-domains/
- Code: https://github.com/charlieegan3/talk-opa-spiffe
- Slides: https://charlieegan3.com/talks/opa-spiffe/slides.pdf
- Links: https://charlieegan3.com/talks/opa-spiffe/

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Thank You

